Nitrogen and Water Budgeting for Fun and Profit 2.0

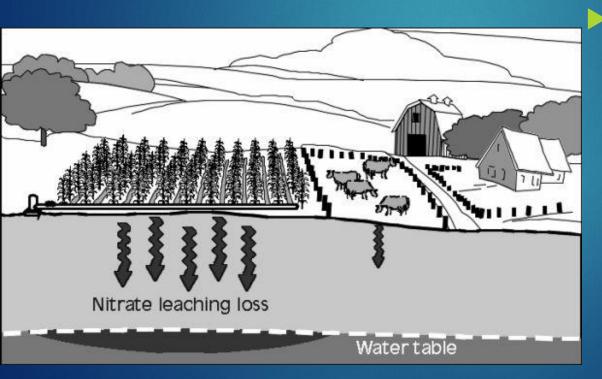
WENDY RASH DISTRICT CONSERVATIONIST USDA-NRCS



United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service

Why is N fertilizer an issue?

- Agriculture uses a lot of N fertilizer
- Nitrate moves through soil in water



- Agricultural nitrates end up in drinking water wells
 - Nitrate in drinking water causes "blue baby syndrome"

Why does nitrate (NO₃) leach?

- NO₃ is a negatively-charged ion (or "anion")
 Does not "stick" to soil (also negatively charged)
 Goes anywhere water goes
- ▶ NO₃ is applied in excess of crop needs
- Excess irrigation water moves NO₃ past the root zone into water table
- Timing of application does not match crop demand

What can you do to prevent nitrate leaching?

Goal: Don't let nitrate leave the root zone

Create a budget for nitrogen

- Right material
- Right amount
- Right time
- Right place
- Manage water better

Unintended Consequences

- Not enough N = Crop stress, Profit loss
- Too much N + Loss = Environmental impact to drinking water and aquatic life in our waterways





NMP-Nitrogen Management Plan worksheet (The "old one")

Used through crop year 2019

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN WORKSHEET NMP Management Unit: 1. Crop Year (Harvested): 4. APN(s): 5. Field(s) ID Acres 2. Member ID# 3. Name: 15. 16. Actual CROP NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLANNING N APPLICATIONS/CREDITS Recommended/ N Planned N 6. Crop **17. Nitrogen Fertilizers** 7. Production Unit 18. Dry/Liquid N (lbs/ac) 8. Projected Yield (Units/Acre) 19. Foliar N (lbs/ac) 9. N Recommended (bs/ac) 20. Organic Material N 10. Acres 21. Available N in Manure/Compost Post Production Actuals (lbs/ac estimate) 22. Total Available N Applied (Ibs 11. Actual Yield (Units/Acre) per acre) 12. Total N Applied (lbs/ac) 23. Nitrogen Credits (est) 13. ** N Removed (hs N/sc) Available N carryover in soil; (annualized lbs/acre) 14. Notes: 25. N in Irrigation water (annualized, lbs/ac) 26. Total N Credits (lbs per acre) 27. Total N Applied & Available PLAN CERTIFICATION 28. CERTIFIED BY: 29. CERTIFICATION METHOD 30. Low Vulnerability Area, No Certification Needed 31. Self-Certified, approved training program attended DATE: 32. Self-Certified, UC or NRCS site recommendation 33. Nitrogen Management Plan Specialist

**Your Coalition will provide the method to be used to estimate N Removed. Approved by the Central Valley Water Board 23 December 2014.

Instruction numbering in this document differs slightly from the NMP template approved by the Water Board to accommodate this publication design.

INMP- Irrigation and Nitrogen Management Plan worksheet (The "new one")

Start using crop year 2020

Irrigated Lands Program Requirement

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

Member ID:	INMP Field or MU:	Crop:	Total	Acres:
1 Irri	gation Method*	IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT Pre-Seasor	Planning	
(check one for Primary; if applicable, check one for Secondary)		2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)		
Primary Secondary'		3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)		
	Sprinkler Border Strip Flood	4. Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO ₃ -N)		
	5. Irrigation I	Efficiency Practices* (Check all that a	apply)	
	eduling irrigations n schedule to need probe (e.g. tensiometer)	Soil Moisture Neutro Pressure Bomb Other Other Other		-
		ARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION		
	Harvest / Yield	Information	Expected (A)	Actual (B)
		1		
6. Production Uni (lbs, tons, etc.	-	7. Harvested Yield*		
	-	7. Harvested Yield* NITROGEN MANAGEMENT		
(lbs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen E	-		Recommended/ Planned N (A)	Actual N (B)
(lbs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen E) fficiency Practices* all that apply)	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT		Actual N
(lbs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen E (Check) fficiency Practices* all that apply) pplications	NTROGEN MANAGEMENT Nitrogen Sources 9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone		Actual N
(lbs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen E: (Check Split Fertilizer A Irrigation Water	ficiency Practices* all that apply) pplications N Testing	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT Nitrogen Sources 9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac) 10. N in Irrigation Water*		Actual N
(Ibs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen Et (Check Split Fertilizer A Irrigation Water Soil Testing Tissue/Petiole T Fertigation Foliar N Applica	fficiency Practices* all that apply) pplications N Testing Festing	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT Nitrogen Sources 9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac) 10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, Ibs/ac) 11. Organic Amendments*		Actual N
(lbs, tons, etc. 8. Nitrogen E: (Check Split Fertilizer A Irrigation Water Soil Testing Tissue/Petiole 1 Fertigation Foliar N Applica Cover Crops	fficiency Practices* all that apply) pplications N Testing Festing ation	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT Nitrogen Sources 9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac) 10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, Ibs/ac) 11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, Ibs/ac estimate)		Actual N

What? INMP is a planning tool

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

INMP Field or MU: Crop: Member ID: Total Acres: IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT Pre-Season Planning 1. Irrigation Method* (check one for Primary; if applicable, check one for Secondary) 2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches) Primary Secondary¹ Drip Micro Sprinkler 3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches) Furrow Sprinkler Border Strip Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) Flood 5. Irrigation Efficiency Practices* (Check all that apply) Soil Moisture Neutron Probe Laser Leveling Use of ET in scheduling irrigations Pressure Bomb Water application schedule to need Other Use of moisture probe (e.g. tensiometer) Other HARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION Harvest / Yield Information Expected (A) Actual (B) 6. Production Unit 7. Harvested Yield* (lbs, tons, etc.) NITROGEN MANAGEMENT 8. Nitrogen Efficiency Practices* Recommended/ Actual N Nitrogen Sources (Check all that apply) Planned N (A) (B) 9. Soil - Available N in Root Zone Split Fertilizer Applications (Annualized, Ibs/ac) Irrigation Water N Testing 10. N in Irrigation Water* Soil Testing (Annualized, lbs/ac) Tissue/Petiole Testing Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate) Fertigation Foliar N Application 12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac) Cover Crops Variable Rate Applications using GPS 13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac) Other: Other: _____ 14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)

Why? To help you manage water and nitrogen on your operation. Provide N for crop Prevent loss of excess N

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

INMP Field or MU: Crop: Total Acres: Member ID: IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT 1. Irrigation Method* Pre-Season Planning (check one for Primary; if applicable, check one for Secondary) Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches) Primary Secondary¹ Drip Micro Sprinkler 3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches) Furrow Sprinkler Border Strip Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) Flood 5. Irrigation Efficiency Practices* (Check all that apply) Soil Moisture Neutron Probe Laser Leveling Use of ET in scheduling irrigations Pressure Bomb Water application schedule to need Other Use of moisture probe (e.g. tensiometer) Other HARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION Harvest / Yield Information Expected (A) Actual (B) 6. Production Unit Harvested Yield* (lbs, tons, etc.) NITROGEN MANAGEMENT 8. Nitrogen Efficiency Practices* Recommended/ Actual N Nitrogen Sources (Check all that apply) Planned N (A) (B) Soil – Available N in Root Zone Split Fertilizer Applications (Annualized, lbs/ac) Irrigation Water N Testing 10. N in Irrigation Water* Soil Testing (Annualized, lbs/ac) Tissue/Petiole Testing Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate) Fertigation Foliar N Application 12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac) Cover Crops Variable Rate Applications using GPS 13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac) Other: Other: _____ 14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)

▶<u>When?</u>

Planned portion in the Spring, before or at planting

Actuals after harvest in the Fall/Winter

RRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

INMP Field or MU: Crop: Total Acres:

		IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT			
	tion Method*	Pre-Season Planning			
(check one for Primary; if applicable, check one for Secondary) Primary Secondary!		2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)			
	Drip Micro Sprinkler Furrow	3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)			
	Sprinkler Border Strip Flood	 Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) 	1		
	5. Irrigation E	Efficiency Practices* (Check all tha	t apply)		
Laser Leveling Use of ET in sched Water application s Use of moisture pr	schedule to need obe (e.g. tensiometer)		tron Probe		
	Harvest / Yield I	ARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION	Expected (A)	Actual (B)	
6. Production Unit (lbs, tons, etc.)		7. Harvested Yield*			
		NITROGEN MANAGEMENT			
	ciency Practices* that apply)	Nitrogen Sources	Recommended Planned N (A)	Actual N (B)	
Split Fertilizer App	lications	9. Soil – Available N in Root Zon (Annualized, Ibs/ac)			
Irrigation Water N Soil Testing	Testing	10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)			
Tissue/Petiole Testing Fertigation		11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate			
Fertigation					
Foliar N Applicatio Cover Crops	'n	12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (Ibs/a			
Foliar N Applicatio	lications using GPS	12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac 13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)			

Where? INMP worksheet stays on the farm

Does not get returned to the Coalition



IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

Member ID: _____ INMP Field or MU: _____Crop: ____

Total Acres:

	IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT			
1. Irrigation Method*	Pre-Seaso	n Planning		
(check one for Primary; if applicable, che one for Secondary) Primary Secondary'	ck 2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)			
Drip Micro Sprinkler Furrow Sprinkler	3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)			
Sprinkler Border Strip Flood	 Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) 			
5. Irrigatio	n Efficiency Practices* (Check all that	apply)		
Laser Leveling Use of ET in scheduling irrigations Water application schedule to need Use of moisture probe (e.g. tensionet	Soil Moisture Neutr Pressure Bomb Other er) Other		-	
	HARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION			
Harvest / Yie	d Information	Expected (A)	Actual (B)	
6. Production Unit (lbs, tons, etc.)	7. Harvested Yield*			
	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT			
 Nitrogen Efficiency Practices* (Check all that apply) 	Nitrogen Sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)	Actual N (B)	
Split Fertilizer Applications	9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)			
Irrigation Water N Testing Soil Testing	10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)			
Tissue/Petiole Testing Fertigation	11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, Ibs/ac estimate)			
Foliar N Application Cover Crops	12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)			
Variable Rate Applications using GP Other:	S 13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)			
 Other:	14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)			

Reporting to the Coalition after harvest

Transfer Actuals data to the Irrigation and Nitrogen Management Plan Summary Report (INMP SR)

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) SUMMARY REPOR

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) SUMMARY REPORT

Refer to your Irrigation and Nitrogen Management Plan (INMP) Worksheet and Parcel Inventory for information to complete an INMP Summary. Report for each field or Management Unit.

STEP 1: GENERAL INFORMATION	STEP 2: OUTLIER NOTIFICATION RECEIPT	STEP 3: INMP CERTIFICATION METHOD
Member ID:	On (Date), the Coalition provided information about this membership's nitrogen efficiency for the previous crop year	Certified INMP Specialist (e.g. certified crop adviser who has completed the CDFA
Forms	and identified management units that were	training program)
Completed By:	considered outliers compared to other Coalition members growing the same crop.	Self-Certified (CDFA training program)
Crop Year (Harvested);		Self-Certified (follows NRCS or UC
	Please check the box below if you were identified as an outlier by the Coalition.	Cooperative Extension site-specific recommendations)
Submittal Date:		Self-Certified (No fertilizers applied)

STEP 4: INMP SUMMARY REPORT

Complete the table below for each field or management unit for this membership. All values should be on a per acre basis.

Field or Management Unit	Crop	Crop Age	Total Irrigated Acres			Applied acre		Yield	Prod. Unit	Yield Info*
Refer to Parcel Inventory		Perennial only (years)	(acres)	N in Irrigation Water (Ibs/acre)	Organic Amendments (Ibs/acre)	Dry/Liquid Fertilizers (Ibs/acre)	Foliar Fertilizers (Ibs/acre)	Harvested Yield (Ibs/acre or tons/acre)	(lbs or tons)	

"Use this column to provide information about yield i.e. nonbearing; crop not harvested; type of harvest (e.g. silage, grain). If you harvest straw, pleas contact your Coalition.

RRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

Crop:

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

Member ID: _____ INMP Field or MU: _____

Total Acres:

		IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT		
	ation Method*	Pre-Season	Planning	
Primary Secondary		2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)		
	Drip Micro Sprinkler Furrow	3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)		
	Sprinkler Border Strip Flood	4. Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO ₃ -N)		
	5. Irrigation E	Efficiency Practices* (Check all that a	apply)	
Laser Leveling Use of ET in sche Water application Use of moisture p		Soil Moisture Neutro Pressure Bomb Other Other		
	H/	ARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION		
	Harvest / Yield I	nformation	Expected (A)	Actual (B)
6. Production Unit (lbs, tons, etc.)		7. Harvested Yield*		
		NITROGEN MANAGEMENT		
	iciency Practices* Il that apply)	Nitrogen Sources	Recommende d/ Planned N (/)	Actual N (B)
Split Fertilizer Ap	plications	9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)		
Irrigation Water N Testing Soil Testing		10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)		
Tissue/Petiole Testing Fertigation		11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)		
Foliar N Application Cover Crops		12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)		
	plications using GPS	13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)		
Other:		14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)		

Reporting to the Coalition after harvest

- Transfer your Summary Report data to the Coalition
 - ► Two options:
- Use online database
 Fill out a paper copy*
 Due after the crop season.
- Contact the Coalition for more information on how and when to report.

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) SUMMARY REPORT Refer to your Irrigation and Nitrogen Management Plan (INMP) Worksheet and Parcel Inventory for information to complete an INMP Summary Report for each field or Management Unit ERAL INFORMATION STEP 2: OUTLIER NOTIFICATION RECEIPT STEP 3: INMP C On (Date) the Coalition Certified INMP Specialist (e.g. certified crop) Member ID provided information about this membership's adviser who has completed the CDFA nitrogen efficiency for the previous crop year Forms training program) and identified management units that were Completed By considered outliers compared to other Self-Certified (CDFA training program) Coalition members growing the same crop Crop Year Self-Certified (follows NRCS or UC (Harvested) Please check the box below if you were Cooperative Extension site-specific identified as an outlier by the Coalition. recommendations) Submittal Date Self-Certified (No fertilizers applied)

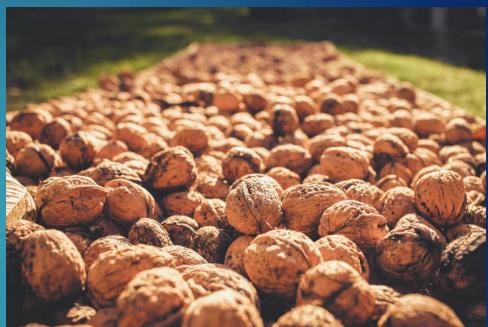
STEP 4: INMP SUMMARY REPORT

Field or Management Unit	Crop	Crop Age	Total Irrigated Acres			Applied acre		Yield	Prod. Unit	Yield Info*
Refer to Parcel Inventory		Perennial only (years)	(acres)	N in Irrigation Water (Ibsrue)	Organic Amendments (Ibs/acre)	Dry/Liquid Fertilizers (Ibs/acre)	Foliar Fertilizers (Ibs/acre)	Harvested Yield (Ibs/acre.or torre)	(It is or tons)	
								F		

*The paper copy is ONLY used at Coalitions without an online database.

Making your Plan: Harvest/Yield

#6 Production Unit
 #7 Harvested Yield
 Expected (A) Fill in with Plan in Spring
 Actual (B) Fill in with Actuals in Fall/Winter





Planning for Nitrogen-4-R Stewardship

Right Rate (How Much) Right Source (What material) Right Place Right Time Other practices to reduce runoff/leaching losses

8. Nitrogen Efficiency Practices* (Check all that apply)

- Split Fertilizer Applications
- Irrigation Water N Testing
- Soil Testing
- Tissue/Petiole Testing
- Fertigation
- Foliar N Application
- Cover Crops
- Variable Rate Applications using GPS

_ Other: _____

Other: _____

Making your Plan- Building the Budget

- Column A on worksheet
- Determine crop N needs
- Measure N credits
- The difference is the amount of N to apply

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT	
Nitregen sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)
9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)	
10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annuan₂cd, lbs/ac)	
11. Ciganic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)	
12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)	

N requirement of crop

Item #14 on worksheet- "TOTAL NITROGEN" Recommended/Planned N

- Includes all the N required to make the crop
 - Products and byproducts/residues

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT		
Nitrogen Sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)	
9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)		
10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)		
11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)		
12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (Ibs/ac)		
13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (Ibs/ac)		
14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)		

N requirement: Information Sources CDFA Fertilization Guidelines https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/is/ffldrs/frep/Ferti lizationGuidelines/ These are also offered as paper brochures UC ANR Research and Information Centers Nutrient Management

CDFA website

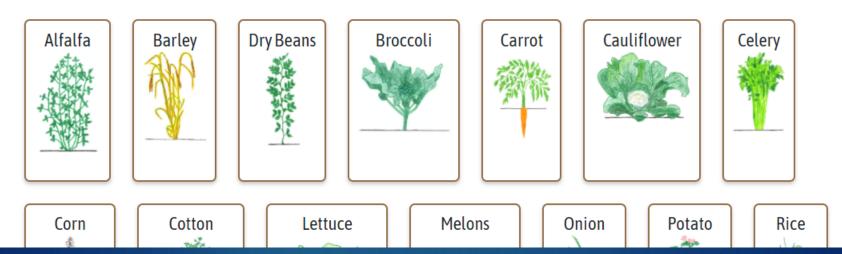
CDFA Home ISD FFLDRS FREP California Fertilization Guidelines

California Fertilization Guidelines

• The fertilization guidelines on this site have been redesigned to be compliant with AB434. The guidelines in the traditional design with the latest updates can be found on the UC Davis Nutrient Management website 🗹.

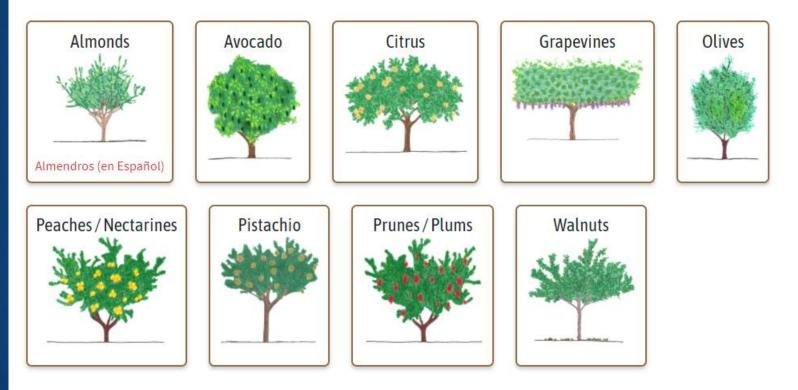
These guidelines have been written by scientists from the <u>University of California</u>, <u>Davis</u> with support from <u>CDFA-FREP</u>. The guidelines are based on research results from studies carried out in California and elsewhere. For an optimal fertilization program, site-specific information needs to be taken into account. <u>Discussion about site-specific adjustments can be found here</u>.

Field crops and vegetables



CDFA website

Tree crops



UC Agriculture and Natural Resources

<u>http://ucanr.org/sites/nm/</u>

LIGH S	Management for Vegetable, Fruit & Nut Crops
UC Fruit & Nuts Research &	Information Center UC Vegetable Research & Information Center
Home	PRINT
Contact us	Welcome!
Information by CROP	Welcome to the UC Nutrient Management for Vegetable, Fruit ANNOUNCEMENTS
Information by TOPIC	and Nut Crops website.
Learning modules	
Resources	
	vision of Agriculture and Natural Resources, University of California gents of the University of California Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources Nondiscrimination Statement Accessibility Get PDF Reader Get Flash Player Site Information

http://ucanr.edu/sites/nm/

SKIP TO CONTENT SITE MAP Enter Search Terms

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UC Fruit & Nuts Research &	Information Center UC Veg	etable Research & Information	Center	19
Home	Informatio	n har Casa		PF
Contact us	Informatio	n by Crop		
Information by CROP	<			
Information by TOPIC	Fruit and Nuts			
Learning modules	Almond	Table and raisin grapes		
Resources	Apple	Wine grape	Pecan	
	<u>Avocado</u>	Guava	Pistachio	
	Blueberry	Kiwifruit	<u>Plum</u>	
	Caneberries	Nectarine	Strawberry	
	<u>Cherry</u> <u>Citrus</u>	<u>Olive</u> Peach	Walnut	
	citrus	Peach		
	caneberries: black	kberry, raspberry		
	Vegetables			
	Artichoke	Cilantro	Peas	
	Asparagus	Corn	Peppers	
	Beans	Cucumber	Potato	
	Beet	Eggplant	Pumpkin	
	Broccoli	Garlic	Spinach	
	Cabbage	Lettuce	Squash	
	Carrot	Melons	<u>Sweetpotato</u>	
	Cauliflower	Okra	Swiss chard	
	Celery	Onion	Tomato	

Soil and Water Nitrogen

- Nitrogen "Credits"
- Soil Test Results
 - Nitrate-N
- Irrigation Water Test Results
 - Converting ppm to lb/ac
- Remember test results are best

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT	
witrogen Sources	Performmended/ Planned N (A)
9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)	
10. N in Irrigation Water* (monualized, lbs/ac)	
11. Organic Amenuments (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)	
12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)	

Soil - Available N in Root Zone

Item #9 on worksheet

- Soil nitrate content: Only use CURRENT soil test results (Pre-plant quick test- Using test strips)
- Test results in ppm NO₃ or ppm NO₃-N

For 12-inch soil sample: Soil NO₃-N (ppm) × 4 = Ib N/ac NO₃ × 0.2259 = N

Side note: Soil sampling

Your plan should consider:

- Soil types present
- Management history
- Size of management unit
- Depth of active root zone
- Field configuration and planting/tillage patterns
- Collect and mix multiple sub-samples to represent zone/area or field

Your sampling plan should be site-specific. Ask for advice if you aren't sure!

Organic amendments

- Item #11 on worksheet
- Includes Compost, Manure, "Green manure" (cover crops)
- Best: test results

	TOTAL NUTRIENT ANALY	YSIS		
Physical Characteristics		ŕ		
pH ECe Tot.Dissolved Salts Percent Moisture Bulk Dopsity (Dpt)		Sample analysi:	NITROGEN MANAGEMENT Nitrogen Sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)
Bulk Density (Dry)	579.5 lb/cu.y	-	9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)	
Chemical Analysis Total-N Ammonia-N Phosphorus-P	Analytical Results 2.50 % 2.59 ppm 0.34 %	Results in lb. 50.00 < .01 6.80	10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, Warac)	
Phosphorus-P2O5 Potassium-K Potash-K2O	0.78 % 0.82 % 0.98 %	15.60 16.40 19.60	11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)	
Sulfur Sodium Calcium Magnesium	0.4 % 1461.92 ppm 1.95 % 1.28 %	8.00 2.92 39.00 25.60	12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
Copper Iron Mangnaese	84.06 ppm 8619.68 ppm 437.46 ppm	0.17 17.24 0.87	13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
Zinc Organic Matter C/N Ratio	155.42 ppm 47.80 % 9.94	0.31	14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)	

Organic amendments

- Item #11 on worksheet
- Best: test results
- OK in a pinch: "book values"
 - Western Fertilizer Handbook
 - UCANR Publication: "Organic Soil Amendments and Fertilizers"
 - Oregon State online calculator

<u>http://smallfarms.oregonstate.edu/calculator</u>

Method to estimate cover crop N: "Managing Cover Crops Profitably, Third Ed." (2012) SARE Handbook Series Book 9.

Fertilizer N

- Items #12 and #13 on worksheet
- Dry, liquid, or foliar formulations
- Recommendation from crop advisor or PCA (or your own experience)
- Make up the difference between available N and N requirement of crop

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT	
Nitrogen Sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)
9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)	
10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)	
11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, ips/ac estimate)	
12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)	
13. Foliar Fertilizer N * (lbs/ac)	
14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)	

Actual N used-

Enter the actual totals in column B #9 – 14

NITROGEN MANAGEMENT		
Nitrogen Sources	Recommende Planned N (A	Actual N (B)
9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, lbs/ac)		
10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)		
11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)		
12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)		
13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)		
14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)		

Data and Record Keeping

Need to record:

- Soils and soil test data
- Irrigation water source test data and amount of water applied
- Fertilizer applications
- Organic material applications

Crop yield

NRCS assistance available

Nutrient Management practice-Similar, but includes NPK Irrigation water management practice Technical assistance Spreadsheets for data records Soil maps, advice on soil sampling Resources, questions Financial assistance: Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)

Competitive process

EQIP

Environmental Quality Incentives Program



The Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) provides financial and technical assistance to agricultural producers to address natural resource concerns and deliver environmental benefits such as improved water and air quality, conserved ground and surface water, increased soil health and reduced soil erosion and sedimentation, improved or created wildlife habitat, and mitigation against increasing weather volatility.

https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/programs/financial/eqip/

To contact me:

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United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service

Irrigation Water Management (also for fun and profit)

AMY KING WATERSHED PROJECT MANAGER SOLANO RCD



Irrigation Management

Back to the INMP worksheet

Pre-season planning

IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

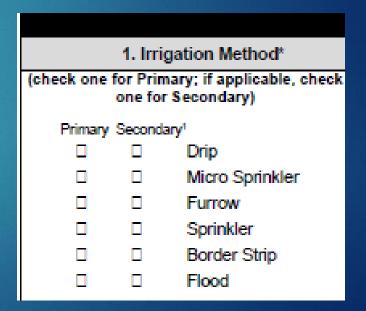
IRRIGATION AND NITROGEN MANAGEMENT PLAN (INMP) WORKSHEET

Member ID:	INMP Field or MU:	Crop;	Tota	Acres:					
IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT									
1	gation Method*	Pre-Season Planning							
(check on the Primary; if applicable, check one for Secondary) Primary Secondary ¹		2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)							
	Drip Micro Sprinkler Furrow Sprinkler	3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)							
	Border Strip Flood	 Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) 							
	5. Irrigation E	Efficiency Practices* (Check all that a	apply)						
 Use of ET in s. Water application 	Laser Le sling Soil Moisture Neutron Probe Use of ET in scheduling irrigations Pressure Bomb Water application schedule to need Other Use of moisture probe (e.g. tension ofer) Other								
	Harvest / Yield I	ARVEST / YIELD INFORMATION	Evenented (A)	Astual (D)					
6. Production Ur		 [Expected (A)	Actual (B)					
(lbs, tons, etc		7. Harvested Yield*							
		NITROGEN MANAGEMENT							
	Efficiency Practices* (all that apply)	Nitrogen Sources	Recommended/ Planned N (A)	Actual N (B)					
Split Fertilizer	Applications	9. Soil – Available N in Root Zone (Annualized, Ibs/ac)							
Irrigation Wate Soil Testing	r N Testing	10. N in Irrigation Water* (Annualized, lbs/ac)							
Tissue/Petiole Fertigation	Testing	11. Organic Amendments* (Manure/Compost/Other, lbs/ac estimate)							
Foliar N Applic Cover Crops	ation	12. Dry/Liquid Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)							
	Applications using GPS	13. Foliar Fertilizer N* (lbs/ac)							
Other:		14. TOTAL NITROGEN (lbs/ac)							

Irrigation Method

Choose one primary method
 Check a secondary method only if applicable





Crop Evapotranspiration

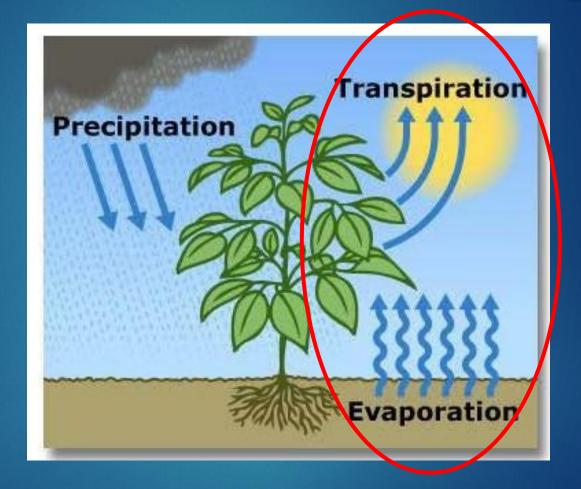
For ET Reports and Calculator, visit:

http://www.sacvalleyorchards.com/et-reports/

If you are part of a Coalition that has a database, a link will be provided for ET calculations by crop type. Revise the data, if needed.

IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT				
Pre-Season Planning				
2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)				
 Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches) 				
 Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N) 				

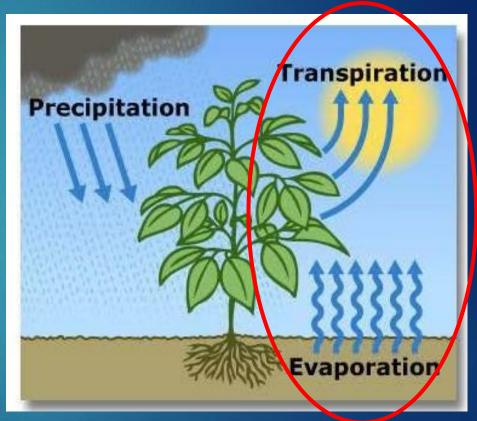
Evapotranspiration



Evapotranspiration is the sum of evaporation from the land surface plus transpiration from plants

Evapotranspiration

- Why is it important in agriculture?
 - Knowing the ET of the crop can help prevent crop stress and water loss through the leaves
 - not managing for ET can result in lower yields, particularity in drought years
 - Can help save scarce water



Anticipated Crop Irrigation

Note that the planning form is in inches
 We want to irrigate to restore ET losses

- Ideally the anticipated and actual irrigation numbers will be pretty close
- Watering to field capacity is a reasonable goal

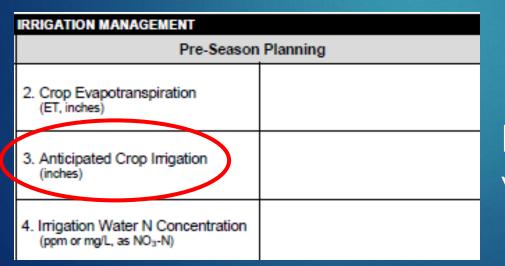


Anticipated Crop Irrigation

One formula for inches applied=

(Flow in gpm/450) x (Irrigation set time in hours) (Irrigated Acres)

450 converts gals per min to ac-inches per hour



For assistance, contact your Coalition

Irrigation Water Nitrogen Concentration

- Allows you to estimate N you will be applying via irrigation water alone
- Part of your pre-season planning
- N in water can be estimated by several methods (averages reported by water districts, lab testing, and/or your own field testing)

IRRIGATION MANAGEMENT					
Pre-Season Planning					
2. Crop Evapotranspiration (ET, inches)					
3. Anticipated Crop Irrigation (inches)					
4. Irrigation Water N Concentration (ppm or mg/L, as NO ₃ -N)					

When reporting your Actuals, some online INMPs will require a number – enter 0 if you do not have data, but indicate that it is a lack of data rather than a zero for N concentration

Irrigation Water Nitrogen Concentration

- Best practice: Take water samples to a lab for testing!
- Other methods:
 - Test strips can indicate if lab testing is warranted
 - Direct measurement with a field instrument
- Measurements are in ppm or mg/L, as NO₃-N
 - Drinking water limit = 10 ppm NO₃-N



Irrigation Efficiency Practices

Check one or more that apply to your operation

5. Irrigation Efficiency Practices* (Check all that apply)

- Laser Leveling
- Use of ET in scheduling imagina
- Water application schedule to need
 - Use of moisture probe (e.g. tensiometer)

- Soil Moisture Neutron Probe
- Pressure Bomb
- Other_____
- Other



That completes the irrigation portion of the INMP.....

Irrigation Water Management

Using field-specific data to make irrigation decisions

Goals:

- 1. Provide adequate water for crop
 - Optimize production
 - Potentially reduce costs (water, energy)
- 2. Eliminate excess watering
 - Prevent erosion and excess runoff (sediment)
 - Prevent excess deep percolation (nutrients)
 - Uniform distribution of water on field

Irrigation Water Management

- Irrigation Water Management (IWM) is applying water according to crop needs in an amount that can be stored in the plant root zone of the soil.
- Available Water Capacity (AWC) is the portion of water in a soil that can be readily absorbed by the roots of most crops.
- Soil Moisture Deficit (SMD) or Depletion is the amount of water required to raise the soil-water content of the crop root zone to field capacity.

To keep in mind regarding Irrigation Water Management and Nitrogen

How much? When? How uniformly is it applied?

Irrigation Efficiency: how much?

Reasonable estimates use crop-specific $ET(Et_c)$, or soil moisture meters that measure the loss of soil moisture over time

Irrigation efficiency = amount of water required by crop

amount of water applied to field

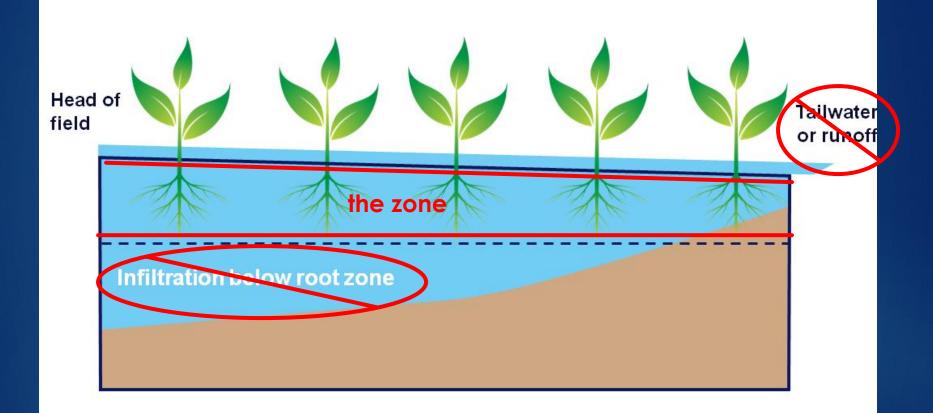
Can be measured via your water order, or a flow meter that logs water throughout the irrigation event. This will be your TOTAL water applied. To get it on a per acre basis (like ET), divide by the acres it was applied to

Irrigation Efficiency: how much?

While 100% efficiency is virtually unattainable due to variable crop condition and soil types across a field, historically above 70% was the goal.

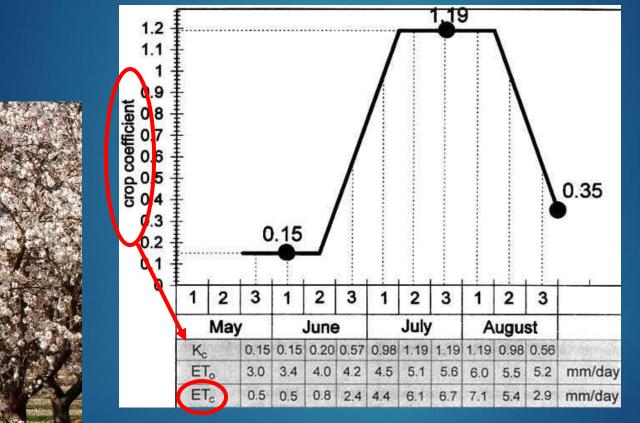
Now, an 80-90% efficiency during irrigation events is realistic and achievable.

Irrigation efficiency: how much?



We want to stay in "the zone", where plant roots can take up most of the available water

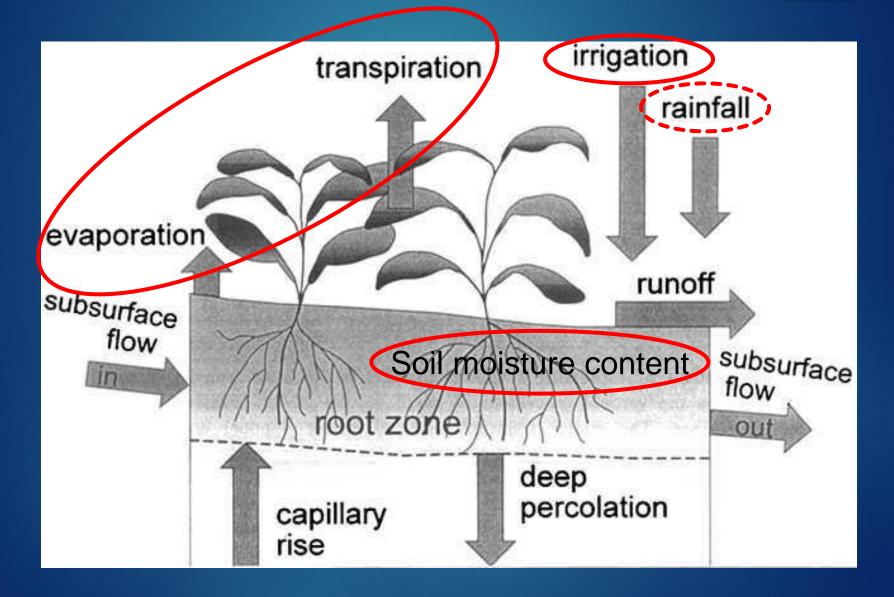
Irrigation Efficiency: how much?



Crop-specific ET



Irrigation Efficiency: when?



Irrigation Efficiency: when?

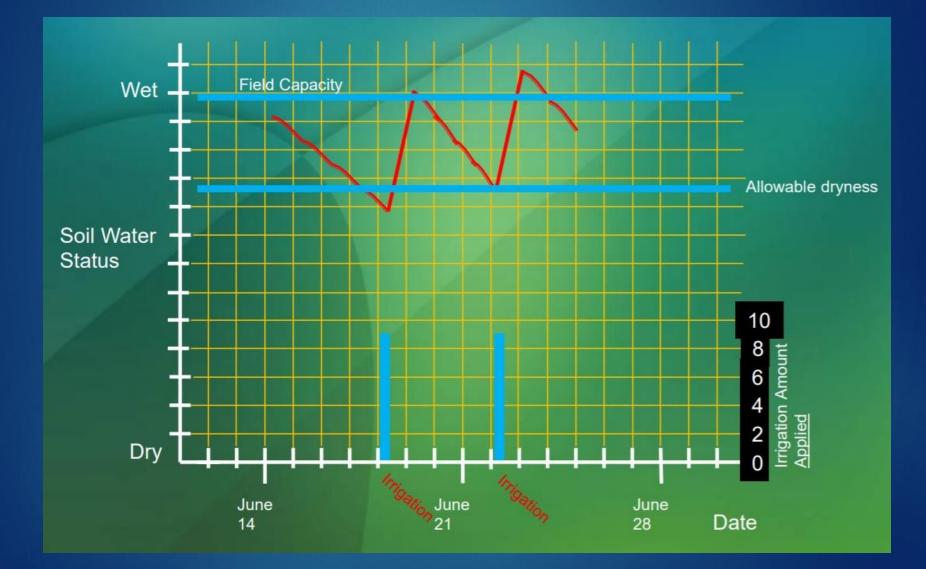
Monitor soil moisture

How much water can be applied without percolating deeper than the root zone?

How much water has the soil profile lost since the last irrigation event?

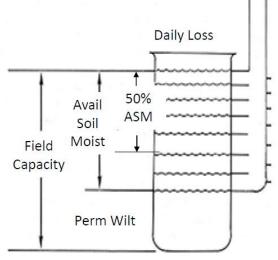


Irrigation Efficiency: when?



Soil texture affects water holding capacity.....

Soil Text	Field Capac	Perm't Wilt Pt (15 b)	Avail Soil Moist	50% Avail
	in/ft	in/ft	in/ft	in/ft
Sand	1.2	0.5	0.7	0.35
Silt Ioam	3.6	1.8	1.8	0.9
Clay	4.8	2.6	2.2	1.1



ET

....as does soil organic matter, which, unlike texture, can be improved over time!

UC University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources Cooperative Extension Soil texture thus also affects N leaching in excess irrigation water

Soil texture must be taken into consideration when irrigating

If you flood or furrow irrigate, try to implement drip, microsprinklers or sprinklers into your operation

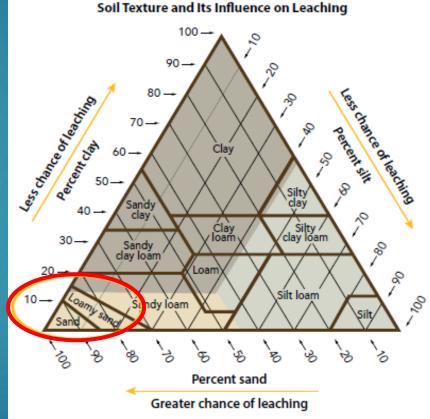


Figure 1. Association between soil texture and risk of leaching nitrogen. Coarse-textured soils in combination with gravity irrigation systems like flood and furrow are more prone to leaching. *Source*: Dan Munk.

Impacts of Inefficient Irrigation Management





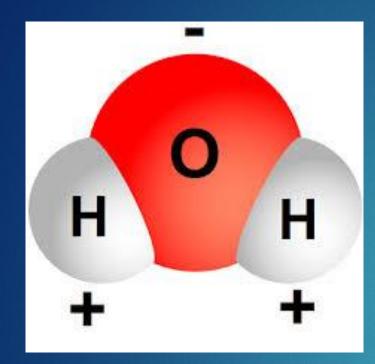
Water waste
Crop stress from excess or insufficient water
Lower crop yields = profit loss
Off-site environmental impacts
Contamination of local waterways, groundwater

A word on solubility

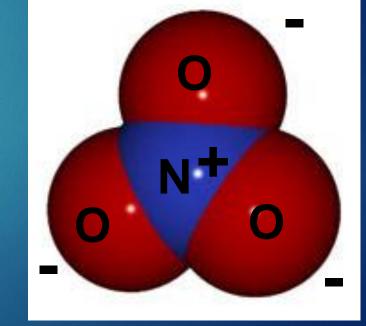
Solubility is: the ability of a solid, liquid or gas (solute) to dissolve in a solvent (usually liquid) to create a solution

It is affected by temperature, pressure and concentration. But it is also profoundly affected by chemical structure, and particularly the electrical charge of molecules in solution.

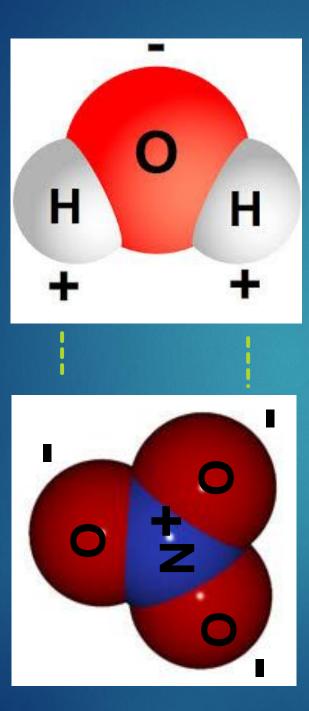




Water has areas of positive and negative charge.....



...and so does nitrate



The opposite charges attract one another, and the molecules then move together through the soil

Solubility in water

Compound	Solubility (g/L)	
Table sugar	2000	
Ammonium nitrate	1920	
Calcium nitrate	1290	
Epsom salts	1150	
Urea	1060	
Ammonium sulfate	750	
Magnesium nitrate	710	
Table salt	350	
Baking soda	100	

Increasing solubility

Distribution Uniformity (DU)

Irrigation uniformity is a measure of how evenly water is applied to a field. It is commonly referred to as distribution uniformity (DU) and expressed as a percentage.



Distribution Uniformity

B. Calculate Distribution Uniformity (DU)

- 1. Sort the list of volumes from largest to smallest.
- Calculate the average of the lowest quartile (AvgLQ). If you have 36 volumes, that would be the average of the lowest 9 measurements.
- 3. Calculate the average of all of the measurements (total average or AvgT).
- Divide the average of the lowest quartile (AvgLQ) by the total average (AvgT) to get distribution uniformity (DU).

Calculation #1:

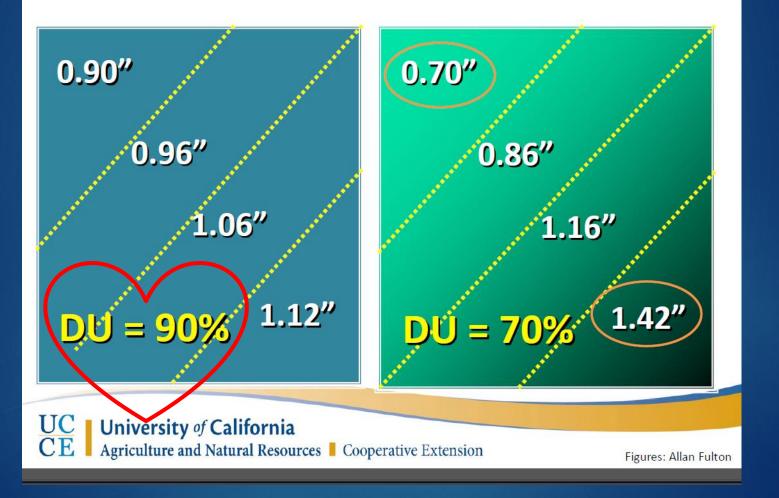
$$DU = \frac{Avg_{LQ}}{Avg_T}$$

From: UC Davis California Center for Urban Horticulture



Distribution Uniformity

Example: Target application 1.0 inch water average



References

Fulton, A. and Munk, D. – (2019) University of California Cooperative Extension, "Irrigation and Nitrogen Management"

USDA/NRCS – (1998) "Estimating Soil Moisture by Feel and Appearance"

Fulton, A. – (n.d.) University of California Cooperative Extension, "Irrigation Distribution Uniformity"

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This presentation is a partnership effort between Dixon RCD, Solano RCD and USDA NRCS.







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